



ICOS improved sensors, network and interoperability for GMES

ICOS-INWIRE overview

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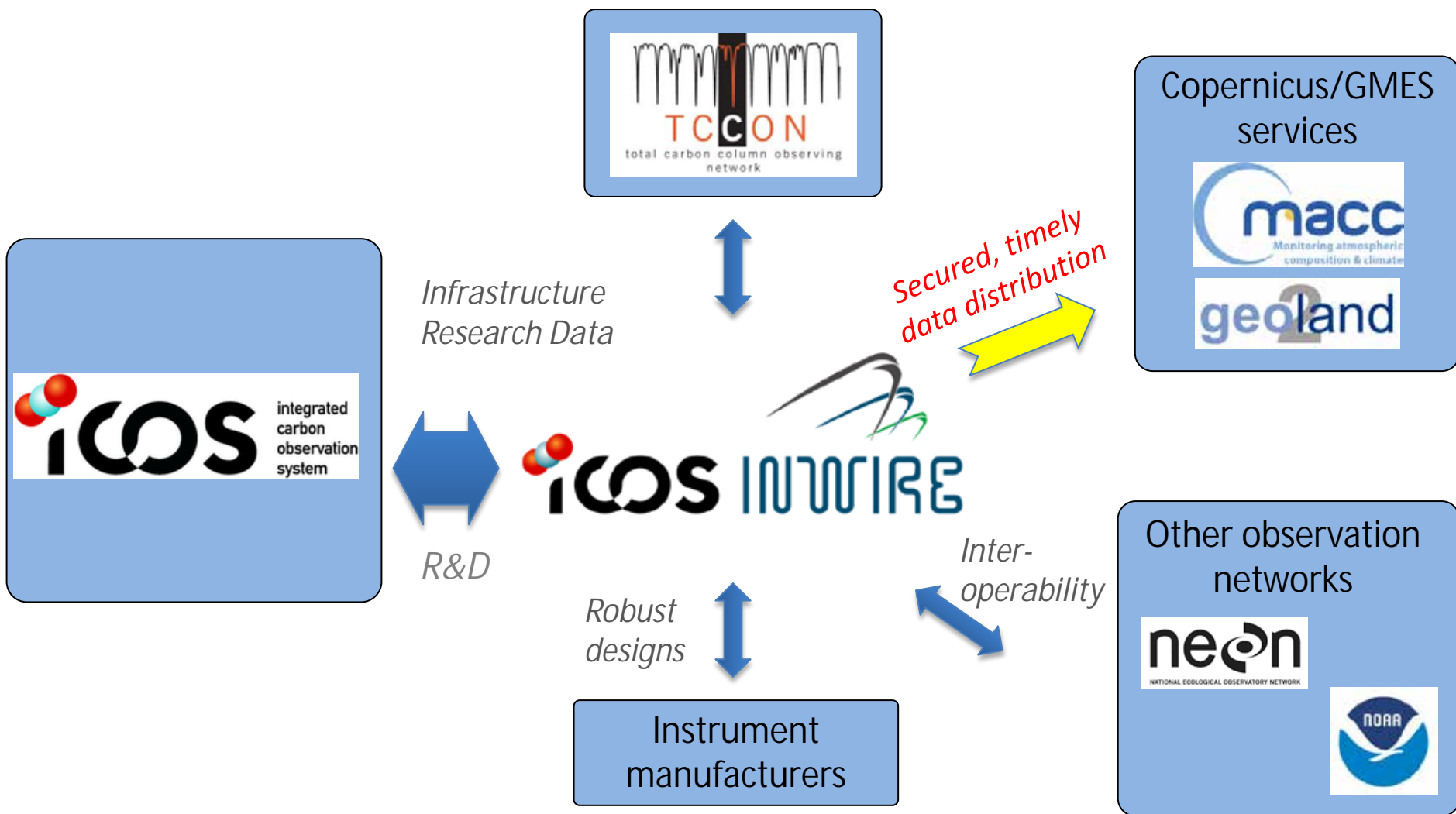
Max Planck Institute
for Biogeochemistry



Main objectives of ICOS-INWIRE

- **Autonomous GHG sensors systems**
 - Enable new sensor systems for GHG flux and concentration measurements in challenging environments, including hot and cold, wet and dry , polluted, etc.
 - **Development, test and validation of instrument, data transmission systems, and sampling protocols in these environment**
- **Improved GHG tracer transport models through Boundary Layer Height data**
 - develop new software to process BLH LIDAR data operationally at ICOS stations, and transmit this information to data assimilation systems
- **Enhance GHG data provision to GMES Atmosphere and Land modeling communities**
 - develop for GMES operational users both NRT GHG data products, and elaborated delayed-mode products from multiple data sources, including ICOS, TCCON and other monitoring networks
- **Convergence with space systems**
 - develop a new fast-delivery (one month) data product from 4 European TCCON stations for GMES/MACC-II

ICOS-INWIRE in its ecosystem



WP2: Autonomous GHG atmospheric sensor

Requirement specifications for GHG atmospheric stations in extreme environments

a few partners are being consulted

Improve data transmission package

Improve flask sampler

Industry liaison for analyzer improv/t



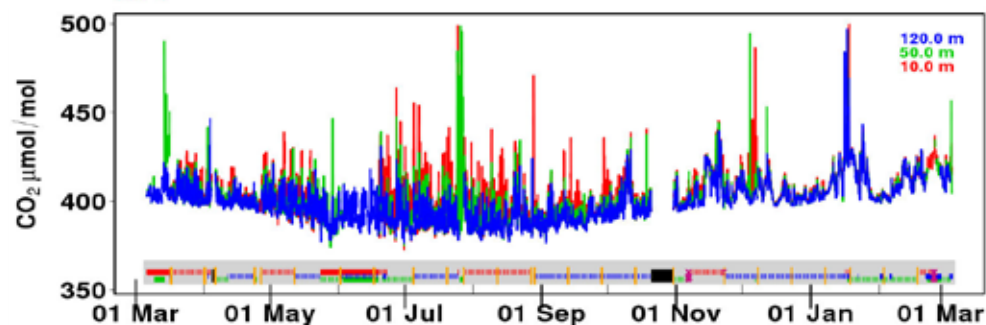
Testing 'heavy-duty' atmospheric CO₂/CH₄/Meteo sensor systems for remote areas and challenging environments

Flask sampler status (S. Baum)

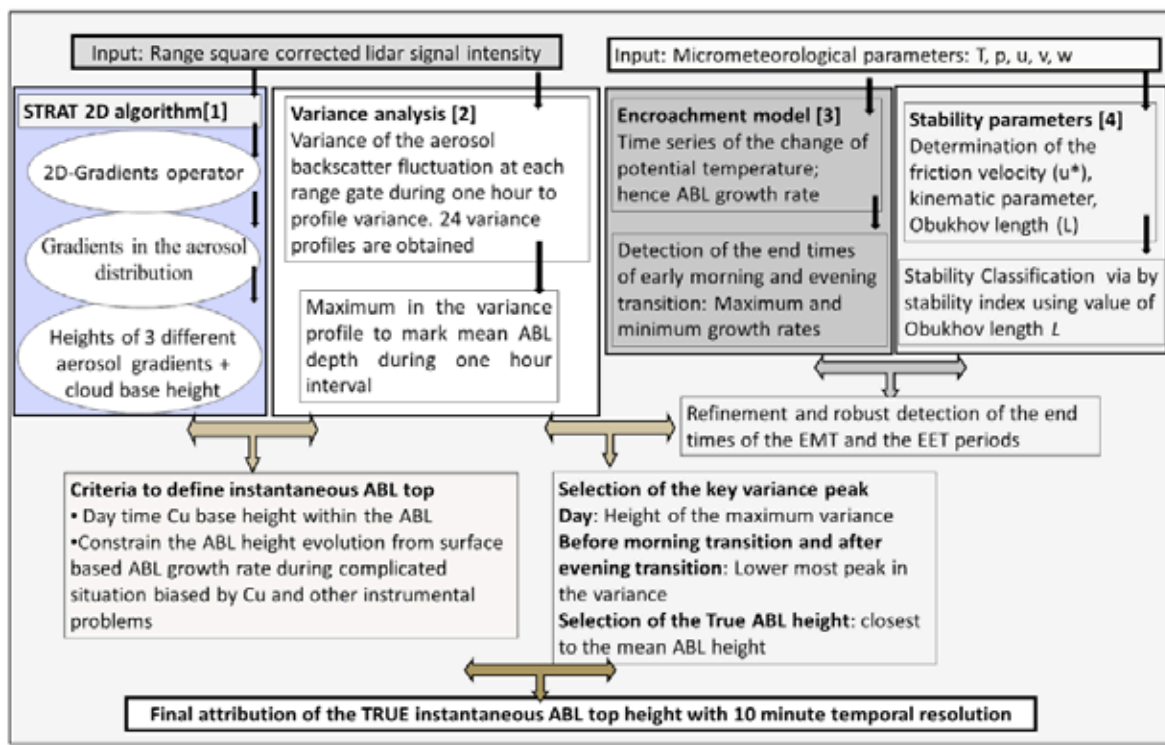
- **Simulation of the whole electronic circuit** (and subcircuits) for avoiding malfunctions due to hardware errors
 - crucial since undetected hardware errors can not be easily detected during the debugging process of the controller software
- 1st small **software modules** programmed, are under testing (e.g. sensor interfacing)
- software will only be operating under Windows 7 since XP will not be longer supported by Microsoft from March 2014 (earlier was both XP & Win7)
- Intention to found a company this year for providing potential customers official **quotes**
- Here the software will provide **core functions** (e.g. periodic sampling). Other features will be later integrated (e.g. time weighted sampling, interfacing with other instruments) by providing customers software updates.
- Only 1 FTE on this project. Ambition is that the first instruments will be available mid of next year. **Interest in renewed expression of interest** from prospective customers and workshop participants.



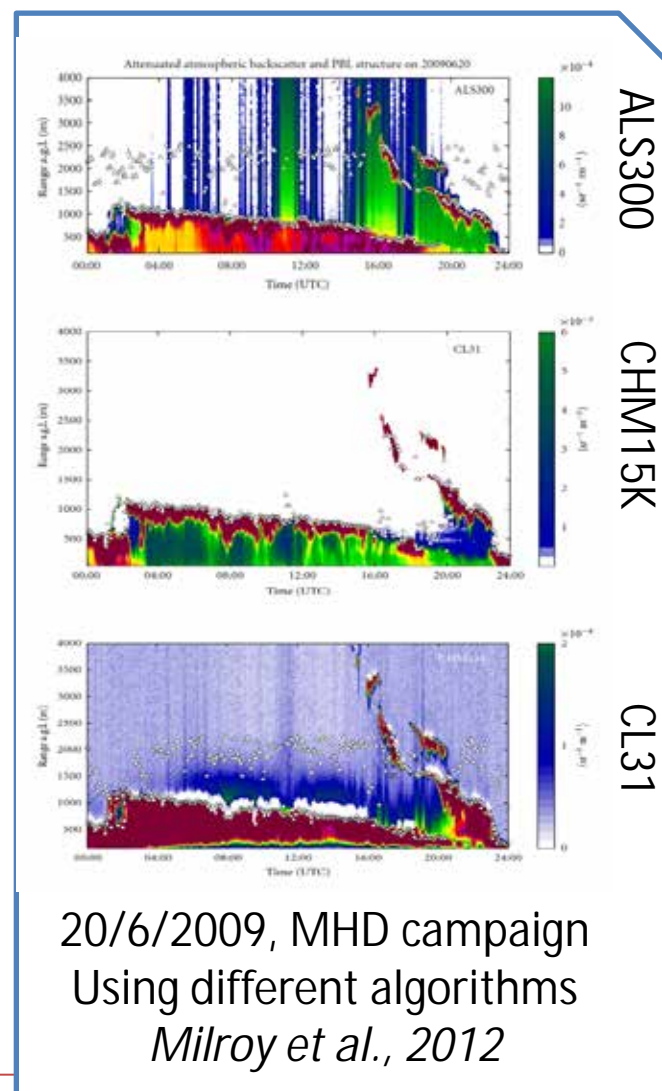
- Improved GHG concentration data processing and distribution
- **New variables:** BLH, total column (GISC requirements)
- Integration of data stream: in situ + total column
- ICOS GHG data transmission and data server for **GMES** services, compliant with **GEOSS data architecture**



Currently, in-situ CO₂, CH₄ from 12 atmospheric sites are delivered in NRT to GMES (MACC-II).



Attribution technique with atmospheric stability indicators
Pal et al., JGR, 2013



WP4: Autonomous GHG ecosystem sensor systems

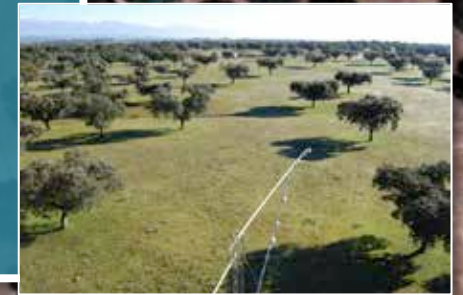
Report on initial 'heavy-duty' EC flux sensors system design
Incl. recommendation, performance requirements



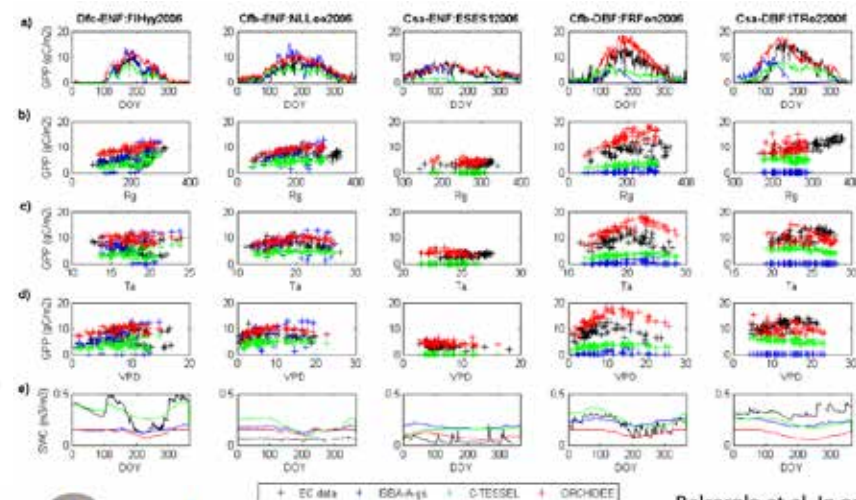
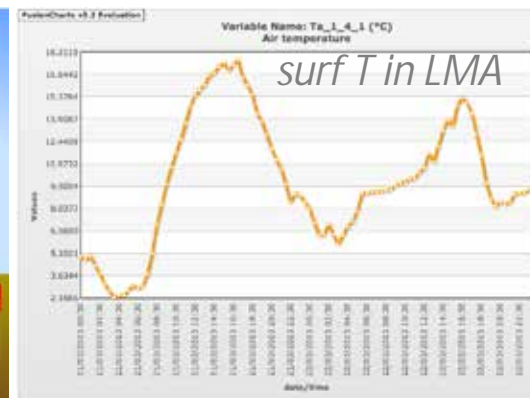
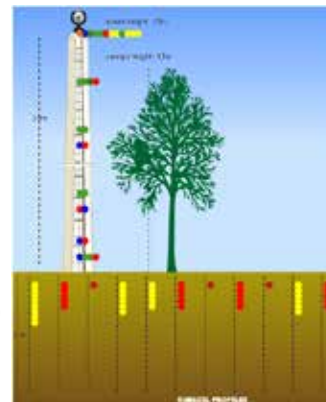
Improve EC system, wifi, power supply
Improve additional variables
Standardization, incl. with WMO, FAO



'Heavy-duty' EC sensors system tests
at 3 harsh-condition stations, incl.
accuracy and data continuity
performances



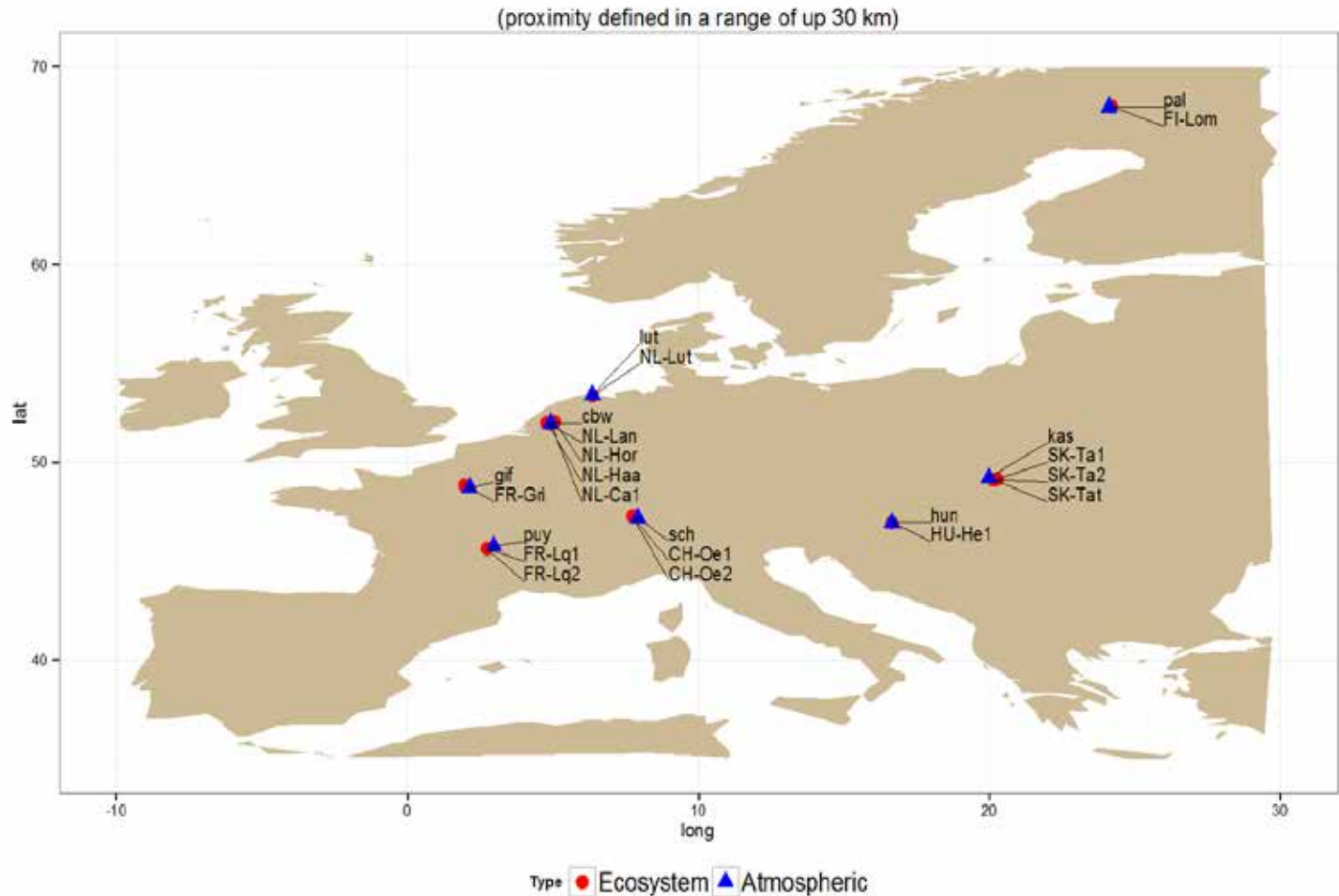
- Key ecosystem **variables selection** for GMES Land Core Service Element
- NRT data transmission and processing schemes optimization
- ICOS ecosystem database setup refinement to serve GMES users & comply with **GEOSS data architecture**
- Definition of metrics to evaluate ecosystem variable assimilation in land surface models



geoland

Balzarolo et al. In prep
EC vs ISBA, ORCHIDEE, CTESSEL

Identification of colocated atm and eco sites for land service users

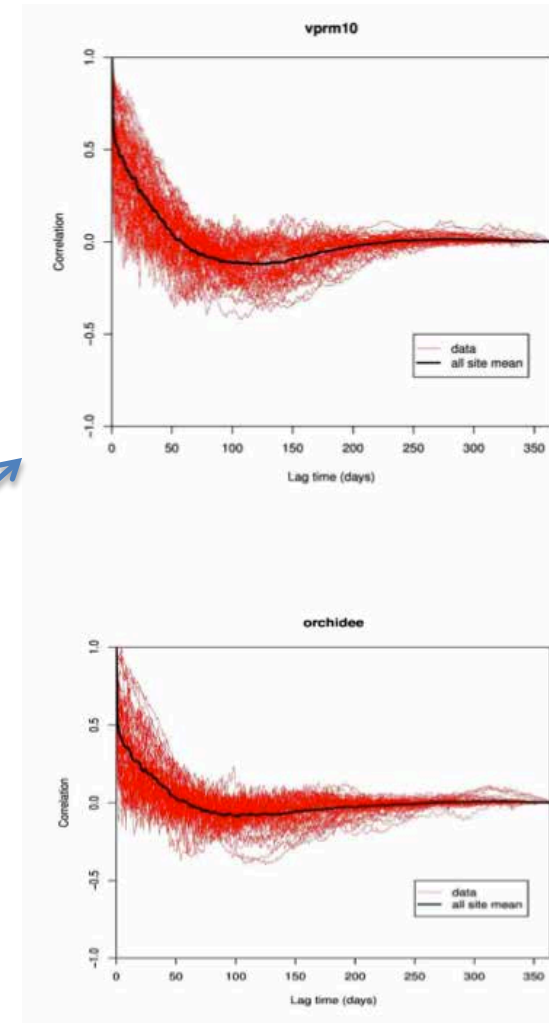


D5.1

WP6: Towards interoperability between ICOS and other GHG networks

Objectives:

- To assess the **compatibility** requirements of different GHG atmospheric networks, using high resolution inverse modeling tools
- Atmospheric **network design** assessment over Europe, toward maximum reduction of flux uncertainties
 - Assessment of a priori error structure done
- Ensure **network compatibility** with other networks incl. TCCON and flux networks
- Validate the use of ICOS+TCCON data for spaceborne sensor validation with ESA GHG CCI



- ICOS-INWIRE seeks to better connect ICOS with its VIP users in GMES/Copernicus,
 - Organizes an ICOS user meeting for MACC-II and land services users in Copernicus 25 nov.
- By design, ICOS-INWIRE benefits to ICOS by
 - Contributing to developping more robust stations,
 - Establishing and implementing key methods for data transmission and processing at TC, measurement protocols,
 - Furthering the development of specific aspects:
 - Eco: power supply, wifi inside the stations, ...
 - Atm: flask sampler, BLH from LIDAR, ...
 - Ensuring interoperability with other networks
- Project just started and will last for 3 years

<http://www.icos-inwire.lsce.ipsl.fr>

Thank you

The project consortium

Commissariat à l'Energie Atomique et aux Energies Alternatives-LSCE <i>Coordination, atmospheric system design, test, data distribution, link with space</i>	France
Max-Planck-Gesellschaft <i>Atmospheric system design, boundary layer height</i>	Germany
VU University Amsterdam <i>Ecosystem system design, methodology</i>	Netherlands
Università degli Studi della Tuscia <i>Ecosystem system design, data distribution, link with space</i>	Italy
Helsingin Yliopisto <i>Heavy-duty, extreme conditions instrument test</i>	Finland
Fundación Centro de Estudios Ambientales del Mediterráneo <i>Heavy-duty, extreme conditions instrument test</i>	Spain
University of Lund <i>Heavy-duty, extreme conditions instrument test</i>	Sweden
University of Bremen <i>Atmospheric remote sensing, link with space, data provision</i>	Germany



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